

## Properties of Lyman alpha emitters at z = 4.86 and z=5.70 in the COSMOS 2 square degree field

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## ABSTRACT

We present results of surveys for Ly alpha emitters (LAEs) at z =4.86 and z=5.70 based on optical narrowband (NB711 and NB816) and broadband (B, V, r', i', and z') observations of the Cosmic Evolution Survey (COSMOS) field using Suprime-Cam on the Subaru Telescope. We find 79 LAE candidates at z=4.86 and 119 LAE candidates at z=5.70 over a contiguous survey area of about 2 deg<sup>2</sup>. We obtain the Ly alpha luminosity function with a best-fit Schechter parameters of log L\* =  $42.9^{+0.5}_{-0.3}$  ergs s<sup>-1</sup> and  $\Phi^* = 1.2^{+8.0}_{-1.1} \times 10^{-4}$  Mpc<sup>-3</sup> for alpha=-1.5 (fixed) and the two-point correlation function of  $\xi(r) = (r/4.4^{+5.7}_{-2.9} Mpc)^{-1.90\pm0.22}$  for LAEs at z=4.86.

In order to investigate the field-to-field variations of the properties of LAEs at z=4.86, we divide the survey area into nine tiles of 0.5 deg x 0.5 deg each. We find that the number density varies with a factor of ~2 from field to field with high statistical significance. However, we find no significant field-to-field variance when we divide the field into four tiles with 0.7 deg x 0.7 deg each. We conclude that at least 0.5 deg<sup>2</sup> survey area is required to derive averaged properties of LAEs at z~5, and our survey field is wide enough.

## Sample



